

CLAIMS

1. A process for producing oxygenated products from a Fischer-Tropsch derived olefinic feedstock, which process includes reacting the feedstock, in a hydroformylation reaction stage, with carbon monoxide and hydrogen at an elevated reaction temperature and at a superatmospheric reaction pressure in the presence of a hydroformylation catalyst system, which comprises a mixture, combination or complex of
 - 10 (i) a transition metal, T, where T is selected from the transition metals of Group VIII of the Periodic Table of Elements;
 - (ii) carbon monoxide, CO;
 - (iii) hydrogen, H₂;
 - (iv) as a primary ligand, a monodentate phosphorus ligand; and
 - 15 (v) as a secondary ligand, a bidentate phosphorus ligand which confers resistance on the catalyst system to poisoning arising from the presence of undesired components in the Fischer-Tropsch derived feedstock.
- 20 2. A process according to Claim 1, wherein T is Co, Ir, Pd or Rh.
3. A process according to Claim 2, wherein T is Rh, with compound (i) being selected from Rh(acac)(CO)₂ where 'acac' is acetylacetone; Rh(acac)(CO)(TPP) where 'acac' is acetylacetone and 'TPP' is triphenylphosphine; [Rh(OAc)₂]₂ where 'OAc' is acetate; Rh₂O₃; Rh₄(CO)₁₂; Rh₆(CO)₁₆; Rh(CO)₂(dipivaloyl methanoate); and Rh(NO₃)₂.
4. A process according to Claim 2, wherein the hydroformylation reaction stage comprises a hydroformylation reactor, with the process including
 - 30 initially preparing the catalyst system by dissolving component (i), together with the ligands, in a solvent, to produce a catalyst solution, and heating the catalyst

solution in the reactor in the presence of synthesis gas comprising CO and H₂ to form an active hydroformylation catalyst system in which the rhodium concentration in the catalyst solution in the hydroformylation reactor is from 10 to 1000 ppm.

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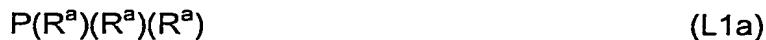
5. A process according to Claim 3 or Claim 4, wherein the monodentate phosphorus ligand is used in a molar excess, relative to the rhodium, of from 50:1 to 1000:1.

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6. A process according to any one of Claims 3 to 5 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is employed at a lower ligand to rhodium molar ratio than the monodentate phosphorus ligand, and wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand to rhodium ratio is from 0.2:1 to 100:1.

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7. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 6 inclusive, wherein the monodentate phosphorus ligand is



where all R^a are the same or are dissimilar, and are each a branched or straight chain alkyl or aryl radical.

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8. A process according to Claim 7 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1a), each R^a is an aryl group and all R^a are the same.

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9. A process according to Claim 8 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1a), each R^a is phenyl so that ligand (L1a) is triphenylphosphine.

10. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 6 inclusive, wherein the monodentate phosphorus ligand is



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where all R^a are the same or are dissimilar, and are each a branched or straight chain alkyl or aryl radical.

11 A process according to Claim 10 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1b), each R^a is an aryl group and all R^a are the same.

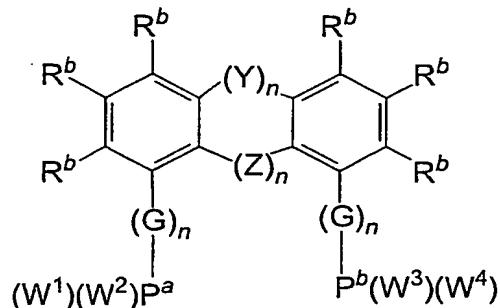
5 12. A process according to Claim 11 wherein, in the ligand of formula (L1b), each R^a is a substituted phenyl ring.

13. A process according to Claim 12, wherein the ligand (L1b) is tris(2,4-ditertiary butylphenyl) phosphite or tris(2-tertiary butylphenyl) phosphite.

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14. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is

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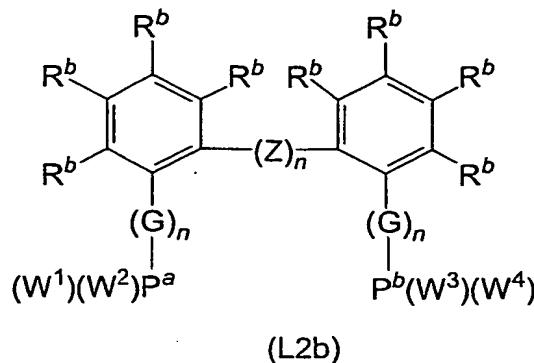
(L2a)

wherein

25 (i) all R^b are the same or are dissimilar, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, -C(O)R^c, -(R^d)C(O)R^c, -CHO, (R^d)CHO, -COOR^c, -(R^d)COOR^c, -COO⁻M⁺, -(R^d)COO⁻M⁺, -SO₃R^c, -(R^d)SO₃R^c, -SO₃⁻M⁺, -(R^d)SO₃⁻M⁺, -SR^c, -(R^d)SR^c, -SOR^c, -R^d(SOR^c), -NR^c, -(R^d)NR^c, -N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻) or -(R^d)N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻),
30 wherein

- (a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;
- (b) M^+ is a cation; and
- 5 (c) X^- is an anion;
- (ii) Y and Z are independent bridges, are the same or different, and are each selected from the radicals $-O-$, $-N(R^c)-$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)-$, $-N(C(O)R^c)-$, $-C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c))-$, $-C(O)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-Si(OR^c)(OR^c)-$, $-P(R^c)-$ or $-P(OR^c)-$, where R^c and X^- are as hereinbefore defined;
- 10 (iii) n (in $(Y)_n$ and $(Z)_n$) is, in each case, 0 or 1, with the proviso that n cannot be 0 for both Y and Z;
- (iv) W^1 , W^2 , W^3 and W^4 are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical;
- 15 (v) a, b, in P^a and P^b , are used merely to identify the P atoms;
- (vi) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from $-O-$, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-C(F_2)-$ or $-C(R^f)(F)-$, wherein
 - (c) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f , all R^f are the same or different;
 - (d) X^- is as defined above; and
- 20 (vii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1.

25 15. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is



10 wherein

- (i) all R^b are the same or are dissimilar, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, -C(O)R^c, -(R^d)C(O)R^c, -CHO, (R^d)CHO, -COOR^c, -(R^d)COOR^c, -COO⁻M⁺, -(R^d)COO⁻M⁺, -SO₃R^c, -(R^d)SO₃R^c, -SO₃⁻M⁺, -(R^d)SO₃⁻M⁺, -SR^c, -(R^d)SR^c, -SOR^c, -R^d(SOR^c), -NR^c, -(R^d)NR^c, -N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻) or -(R^d)N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻), wherein
 - (a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;
 - (b) M⁺ is a cation; and
 - (c) X⁻ is an anion;
- (ii) Z is an independent bridge, and is selected from the radicals -O-, -N(R^c)-, -N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X⁻)-, -N(C(O)R^c)-, -C(R^c)(R^c)-, -C(C(R^c)(R^c))-, -C(O)-, -S-, -Si(R^c)(R^c)-, -Si(OR^c)(OR^c)-, -P(R^c)- or -P(OR^c)-, where R^c and X⁻ are as defined above;
- (iii) n (in (Z)_n) is 1;
- (iv) W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical;
- (v) a, b, in P^a and P^b, are used merely to identify the P atoms;

(vi) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from $-O-$, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-C(F_2)-$ or $-C(R^f)(F)-$, wherein

5 (e) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f , all R^f are the same or different;

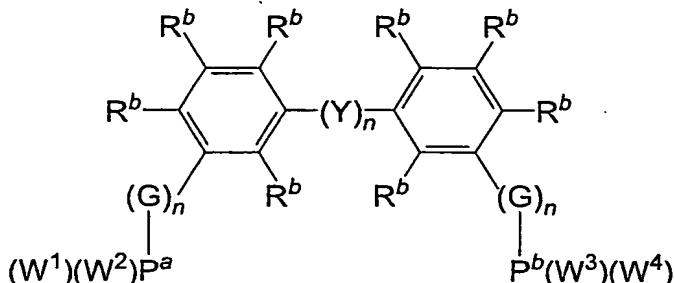
(f) X^- is as defined above; and

(vii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1.

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16. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is

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(L2c)

wherein

(i) all R^b are the same or are dissimilar, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, $-C(O)R^c$, $-(R^d)C(O)R^c$, $-CHO$, $(R^d)CHO$, $-COOR^c$, $-(R^d)COOR^c$, $-COO^-M^+$, $-(R^d)COO^-M^+$, $-SO_3R^c$, $-(R^d)SO_3R^c$, $-SO_3^-M^+$, $-(R^d)SO_3^-M^+$, $-SR^c$, $-(R^d)SR^c$, $-SOR^c$, $-R^d(SOR^c)$, $-NR^c$, $-(R^d)NR^c$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)$ or $-(R^d)N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)$,

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wherein

(a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;

(b) M^+ is a cation; and

5 (c) X^- is an anion;

(ii) Y is an independent bridge, and is selected from the radicals $-O-$, $-N(R^c)-$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)-$, $-N(C(O)R^c)-$, $-C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c))-$, $-C(O)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-Si(OR^c)(OR^c)-$, $-P(R^c)-$ or $-P(OR^c)-$, where R^c and X^- are as hereinbefore defined;

10 (iii) n (in $(Y)_n$) is 1;

(iv) W^1 , W^2 , W^3 and W^4 are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical;

(v) a, b, in P^a and P^b , are used merely to identify the P atoms;

15 (vi) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from $-O-$, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-C(F_2)-$ or $-C(R^f)(F)-$, wherein

20 (g) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f , all R^f are the same or different;

(h) X^- is as defined above; and

25 (vii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1.

17. A process according to any one of Claims 14 to 16 inclusive wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), M^+ is an ion of an alkali or alkali earth metal, or is ammonium or a quaternary ammonium ion.

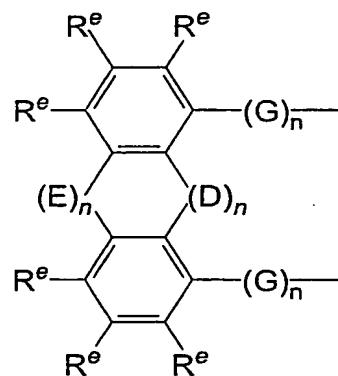
18. A process according to any one of Claims 14 to 17 inclusive, 30 wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), X^- is an organic acid, phosphate or sulphate group.

19. A process according to any one of Claims 14 to 18 inclusive wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are each an alkyl, aryl or aryloxy radical.

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20. A process according to Claim 19 wherein, in the ligand (L2a), (L2b) or (L2c), W¹, W², W³ and W⁴ are each an aryl or aryloxy radical in accordance with formula (1), with the proviso that the structure of formula (1) does not represent a bridging unit connecting P^a to P^b – for P^a, W¹ and W² represent 10 radicals connected through their respective G linkers, and for P^b, W³ and W⁴ represent radicals connected through their respective G linkers

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(1)

wherein

(i) all R^e are the same or are different, and are each H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, –C(O)R^c, –(R^d)C(O)R^c, –CHO, (R^d)CHO, –COOR^c, –(R^d)COOR^c, –COO[–]M⁺, –(R^d)COO[–]M⁺, –SO₃R^c, –(R^d)SO₃R^c, –SO₃[–]M⁺, –(R^d)SO₃[–]M⁺, –SR^c, –(R^d)SR^c, –SOR^c, –R^d(SOR^c), –NR^c, –(R^d)NR^c, –N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X[–]) or –(R^d)N⁺(R^c)(R^c)(X[–]),

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wherein

(a) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;

(b) M^+ is a cation; and

5 (c) X^- is an anion;

(ii) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from $-O-$, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-C(F_2)-$ or $-C(R^f)(F)-$, wherein

10 (d) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f , all R^f are the same or different;

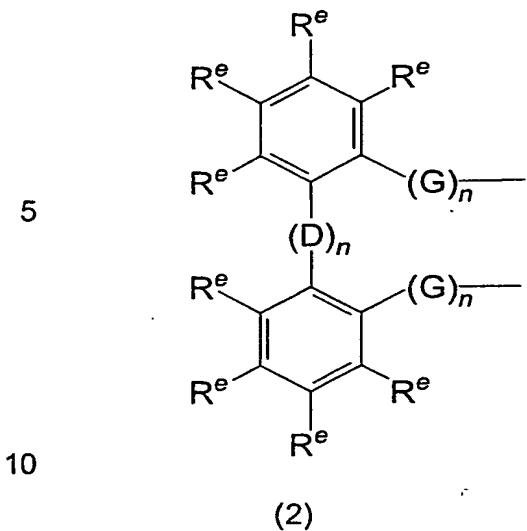
(e) X^- is as defined above; and

15 (iii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1;

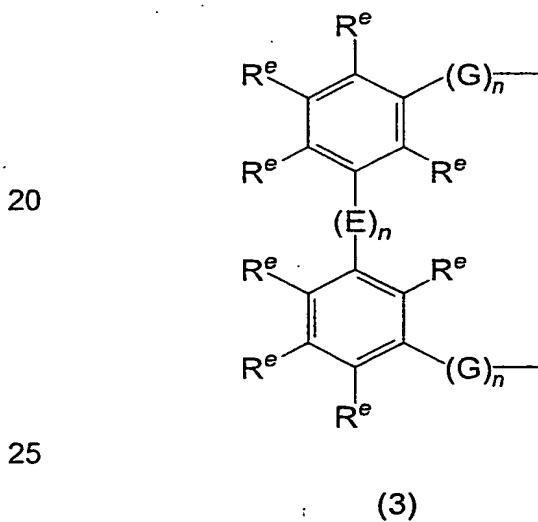
(iv) D and E are each an independent bridge, are the same or different, and are each selected from the radical, $-O-$, $-N(R^c)-$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)-$, $-N(C(O)R^c)-$, $-N(SiR_2^c)-$, $-C(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-C(C(R^c)(R^c)-$; $-C(O)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^c)(R^c)-$, $-Si(OR^c)(OR^c)-$, $-P(R^c)-$ or $-P(OR^c)-$, wherein R^c is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and X^- is as defined above;

20 (v) n (in each of $(D)_n$ and $(E)_n$) is 0 or 1.

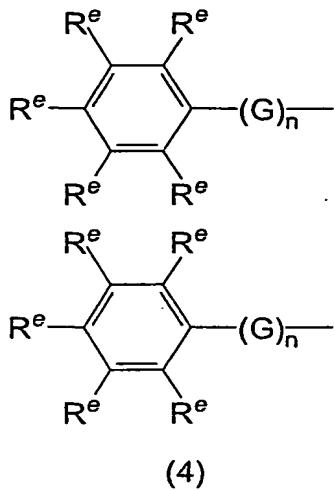
21. A process according to Claim 20 wherein, in formula (1), $n=0$, in
25 $(E)_n$, so that the independent E bridge is absent; formula (1) will then have the structure of formula (2)



22. A process according to Claim 20 wherein, in formula (1), n=0, in (D)_n, so that the independent D bridging is absent; formula (1) will then have the
 15 structure of formula (3)

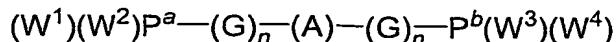


23. A process according to Claim 20 wherein, in formula (1), n=0, in both (D)_n and (E)_n, so that both the independent bridges D and E are absent;
 30 formula (1) will then have the structure of formula (4)



24. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 13 inclusive, wherein the bidentate phosphorus ligand is

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(L2d)

20 wherein

(i) each G is an independent linker radical, are the same or different, and is selected from $-O-$, $-N(R^f)-$, $-N^+(R^f)(R^f)(X^-)-$, $-C(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-S-$, $-Si(R^f)(R^f)-$, $-C(F_2)-$ or $-C(R^f)(F)-$, wherein

25 (a) R^f is H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical, and with the proviso that when the radical contains more than one R^f , all R^f are the same or different;

(b) X^- is an anion; and

(ii) n (in each $(G)_n$) is 0 or 1;

30 (iii) a, b, in P^a and P^b , are used merely to identify the P atoms;

(iv) W^1 , W^2 , W^3 and W^4 are the same or different, and are each an alkyl (branched or straight chain), alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or trifluoromethyl radical; and

5 (v) A is a bridging unit and is selected from one of the following diradicals: – $(CR^b_2)_n-$, $-(CR^b)_n-$, $-(CR^bCR^b)_n-$, $-[C(O)]_n-$, $-[C(O)C(R^b)_2]_n-$, $-(NR^b)_n-$, $-S-$, $-(SiR^b_2)_n-$, $-(SiOR^b_2)_n-$, with

(c) any alkyl radical having $n = 1$ to 5 and being cyclic, straight or branched or straight;

10 (d) R^b being H, alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy, polyether, cyano, nitro, halogen, trifluoromethyl, $-C(O)R^c$, $-(R^d)C(O)R^c$, $-CHO$, $(R^d)CHO$, $-COOR^c$, $-(R^d)COOR^c$, $-COO^-M^+$, $-(R^d)COO^-M^+$, $-SO_3R^c$, $-(R^d)SO_3R^c$, $-SO_3^-M^+$, $-(R^d)SO_3^-M^+$, $-SR^c$, $-(R^d)SR^c$, $-SOR^c$, $-R^d(SOR^c)$, $-NR^c$, $-(R^d)NR^c$, $-N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)$ or $-(R^d)N^+(R^c)(R^c)(X^-)$, wherein

15 (e) R^c and R^d are the same or different, and are each H, or a branched or straight chain alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkyl, polyether, cycloalkoxy, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl or aryloxy radical;

(f) M^+ is a cation; or

20 (vi) A is a bridging unit and is ‘-Ar-’, which is an aryl or heteroaryl group of between 4 and 18 carbon atoms.

25. A process according to any one of Claims 1 to 24 inclusive, wherein the reaction temperature is from $50^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$; the synthesis gas pressure under which the hydroformylation reaction is performed is from 1 to 100 bar; and

25 the $H_2:CO$ ratio is from 1:10 to 100:1.